



**K23U 2367**

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**V Semester B.Sc. Degree (C.B.C.S.S. – O.B.E. – Regular/Supplementary/  
Improvement) Examination, November 2023**

**(2019-2021 Admissions)**

**CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS**

**5B07 MAT : Abstract Algebra**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 48

**PART – A**

Answer **any 4** questions from this Part. Each question carries **1** mark : **(4×1=4)**

1. Give an example of a finite group that is not cyclic.
2. Find the order of the element 4 in  $Z_6$ .
3. What is the order of the permutation (124) (23) in  $S_6$  ?
4. Define Kernel of a homomorphism.
5. Find all solutions of the equation  $x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$  in  $Z_6$ .

**PART – B**

Answer **any 8** questions from this Part. Each question carries **2** marks : **(8×2=16)**

6. Find the group table of the Klein 4-group. List all its subgroups.
7. Show that every cyclic group is abelian. Discuss its converse.
8. Let  $S$  be the set of all real numbers except  $-1$ . Define  $*$  on  $S$  by  $a + b = a + b + ab$ . Check whether  $(S, *)$  is a group or not.
9. Find all the generators of  $Z_{18}$ .

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10. Find the number of elements in the set  $\{\sigma \in S_5 \mid \sigma(2) = 5\}$ .
11. Define odd permutation. Give an example of an odd permutation in  $S_4$ .
12. Prove that a group homomorphism  $\phi$  defined on  $G$  is one-to-one if and only if  $\ker(\phi) = \{e\}$ .
13. Consider  $\gamma: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_n$  by  $\gamma(m) = r$ , where  $r$  is the remainder when  $m$  divided by  $n$ . Show that  $\gamma$  is a group homomorphism. What is its kernel?
14. Show that the cancellation law with respect to multiplication hold in a ring  $R$  if and only if  $R$  has no divisors of zero.
15. Show that every field is an integral domain. Discuss its converse.
16. Define characteristic of a ring. What is the characteristic of the ring  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ ?

### PART – C

Answer any 4 questions from this Part. Each question carries 4 marks : (4×4=16)

17. Let  $G$  be a group and let  $a$  be one fixed element of  $G$ . Show that the set  $H_a = \{x \in G \mid xa = ax\}$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .
18. Show that every permutation of a finite set can be written as a product of disjoint cycles.
19. Let  $G$  be a group of order  $pq$ , where  $p$  and  $q$  are prime numbers. Show that every proper subgroup of  $\mathbb{Z}_{pq}$  is cyclic.
20. Let  $H$  be a subgroup of a group  $G$  such that  $ghg^{-1} \in H$  for all  $g \in G$  and all  $h \in H$ . Show that  $gH = Hg$ .
21. Let  $\phi: G \rightarrow G'$  be a group homomorphism with kernel  $H$  and let  $a \in G$ . Show that  $\{x \in G \mid \phi(x) = \phi(a)\} = aH$ .
22. Show that the map  $\phi: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_n$  where  $\phi(a)$  is the remainder of  $a$  modulo  $n$  is a ring homomorphism.
23. An element  $a$  of a ring  $R$  is idempotent if  $a^2 = a$ . Show that a division ring contains exactly two idempotent elements.

PART – D

Answer **any 2** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **6** marks : **(2×6=12)**

24. State and prove Cayley's theorem.
25. Let  $H$  be a subgroup of a group  $G$ . Then show that the left coset multiplication  $(aH)(bH) = abH$  is well-defined if and only if  $H$  is a normal subgroup of  $G$ .
26. Show that if a finite group  $G$  has exactly one subgroup  $H$  of a given order, then  $H$  is a normal subgroup of  $G$ .
27. Show that the characteristic of an integral domain must be 0 or a prime number. Give examples of two non-isomorphic rings with characteristic 4.
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